**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1-2. (Canceled)

3. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 1, wherein said compound is GW9662.

4. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 3, wherein said GW9662 is administered in a dose of from about 0.01 mg/kg to about 500 mg/kg of the subject's body weight.

5-11. (Canceled)

12. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein said compound is GW9662.

13. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 12, wherein said GW9662 is administered in a dose of from about 0.01 mg/kg to about 500 mg/kg of the subject's body weight.

14-18. (Canceled)

19. (Canceled) A method for inhibiting lysophosphatidic acid (LPA)-induced neointima formation, the method comprising administering to a subject one or more inhibitor of LPA-induced PPARγ activation.

20. (Currently amended) ~~The method of claim 19~~ A method for inhibiting lysophosphatidic acid (LPA)-induced neointima formation, the method comprising administering to a subject one or more inhibitor of LPA-induced PPARγ activation ~~wherein the inhibitor of LPA-induced PPARγ activation is~~ chosen from among the group consisting of diacylglycerol pyrophosphate, serine-phosphoric acids, fatty alcohol phosphates, alkyl ether glycerophosphates, monoacylglycerol-diphosphates, and combinations thereof.

21. (Canceled) The method of claim 19 wherein the inhibitor of LPA-induced PPARγ activation is administered at a dosage of from about 0.01 mg/kg to about 500 mg/kg of the subject's body weight.

22. (Canceled) A method for inhibiting neointima formation associated with atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a subject one or more inhibitor of LPA-induced PPARγ activation.

23. (Currently amended) ~~The method of claim 22~~ A method for inhibiting neointima formation associated with atherosclerosis, the method comprising administering to a subject one or more inhibitor of LPA-induced PPARγ activation ~~is~~ chosen from among the group consisting of diacylglycerol pyrophosphate, serine-phosphoric acids, fatty alcohol phosphates, alkyl ether glycerophosphates, monoacylglycerol-diphosphates, and combinations thereof.

24. (Canceled) The method of claim 22 wherein the inhibitor of LPA-induced PPARγ activation is administered at a dosage of from about 0.01 mg/kg to about 500 mg/kg of the subject's body weight.